

Solar Cycle Variation of Suprathermal Heavy Ion Composition and Spectra during Quiet Times near 1 AU

B. L. Alterman¹, M. I. Desai¹, M. A. Dayeh¹, G. M. Mason², G. Ho²

¹Southwest Research Institute, ²Applied Physics Laboratory



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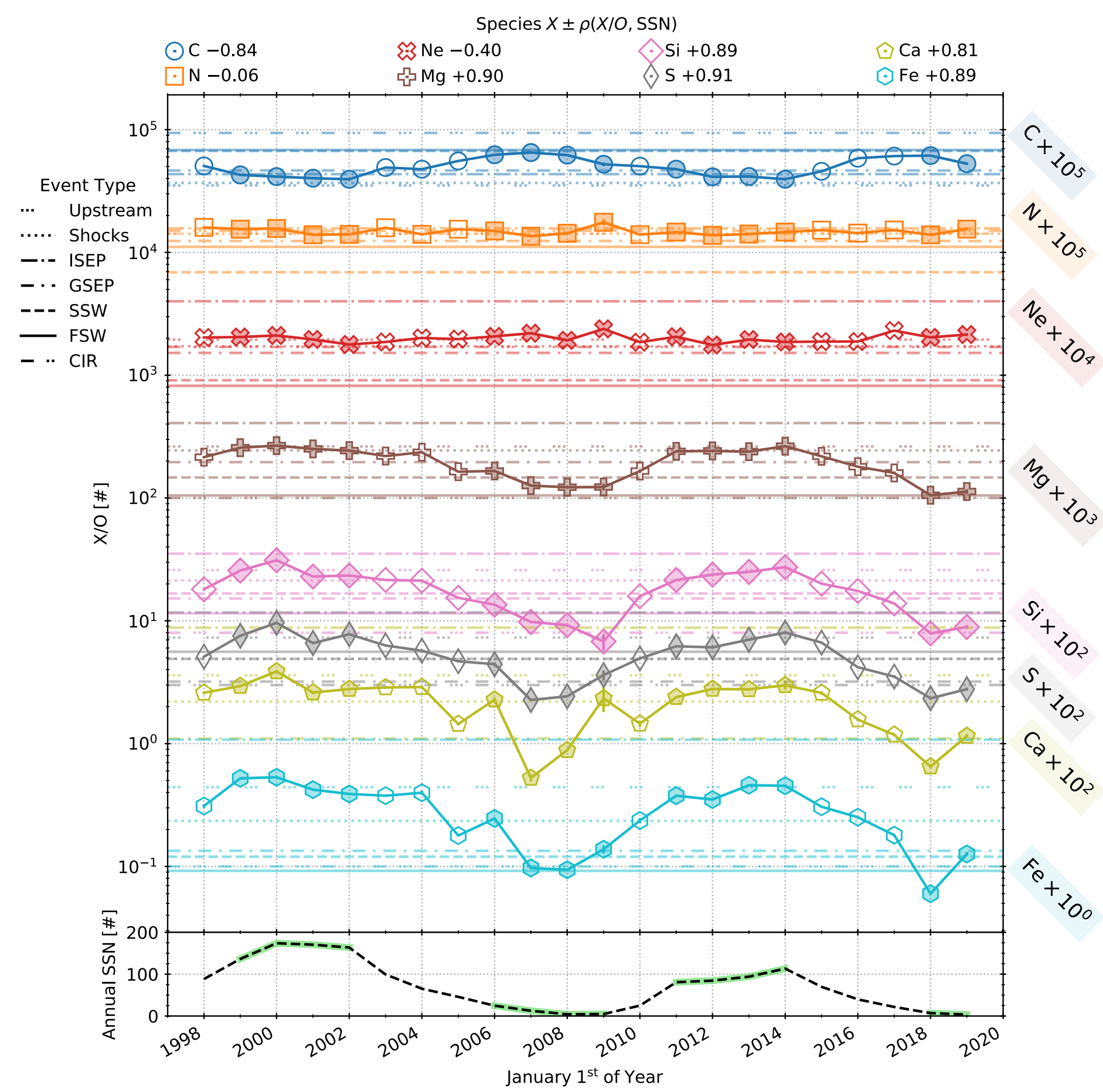
Abstract

- Annual variation of quiet-time suprathermal ion composition and spectral properties
 - C through Fe
 - 1998 through 2019
 - ACE/ULEIS
 - Energy range 0.3 MeV/nuc to 1.28 MeV/nuc
- Extends Desai et al. (2006) and Dayeh et al. (2009, 2017)

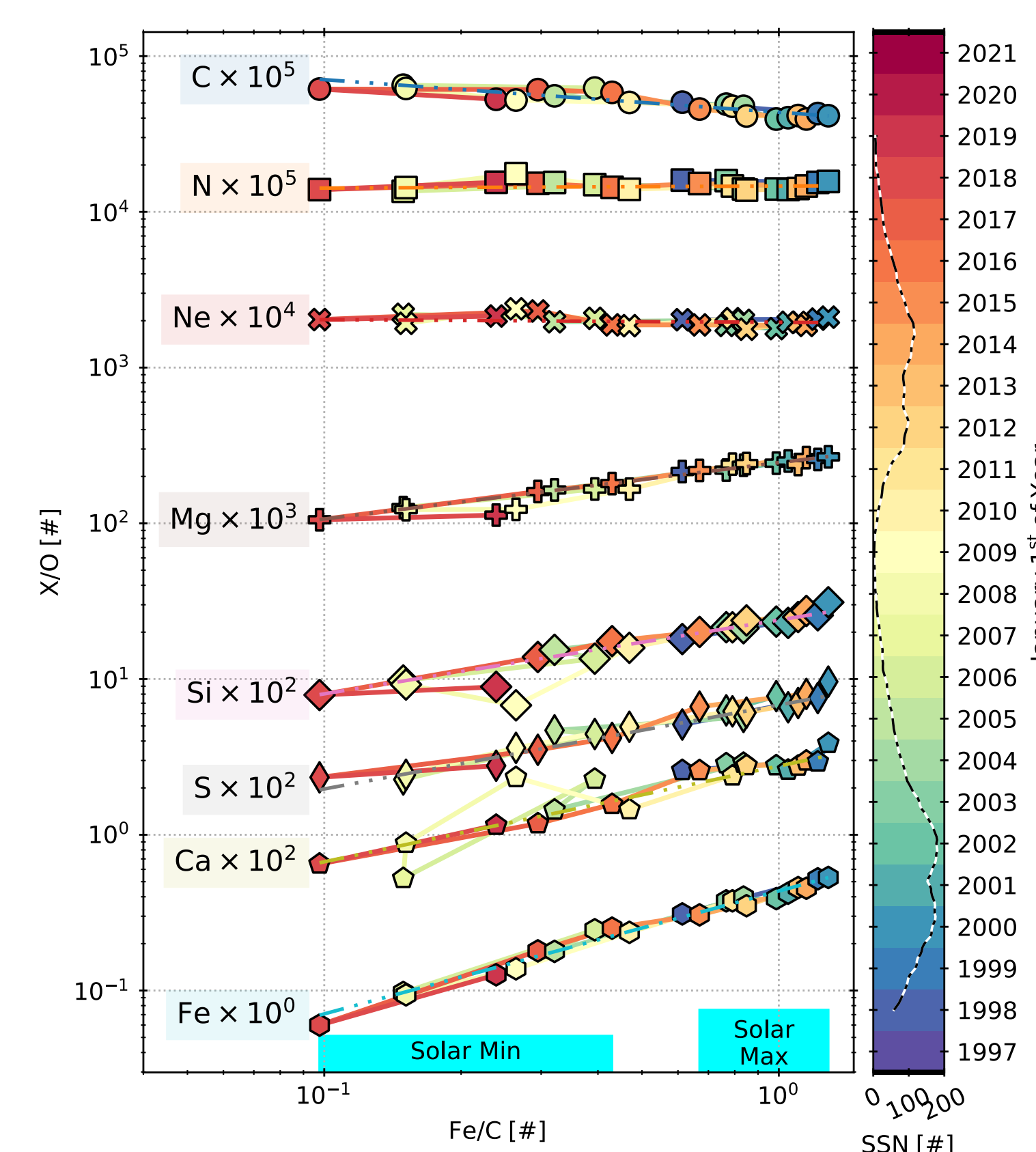
Results

- Number of quiet hours strongly anti-correlates with the annual Sunspot Number (SSN)
- Cross correlation between abundance (normalized to O) and SSN well ordered with solar wind M/Q
- Slope of X/O abundance as a function of Fe/C decreases with increasing M/Q
- Results are robust against our quiet time selection criterion

Annual Abundances

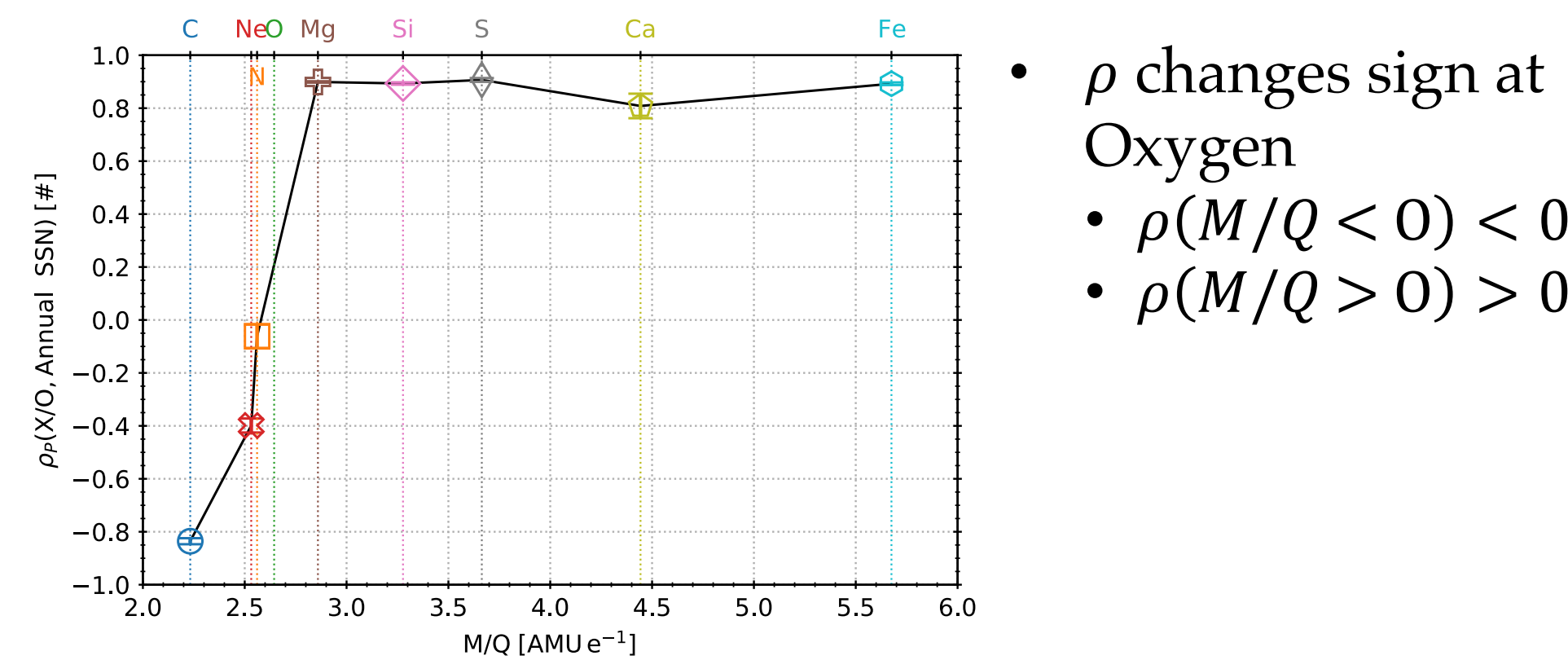


Annual X/O vs Fe/C



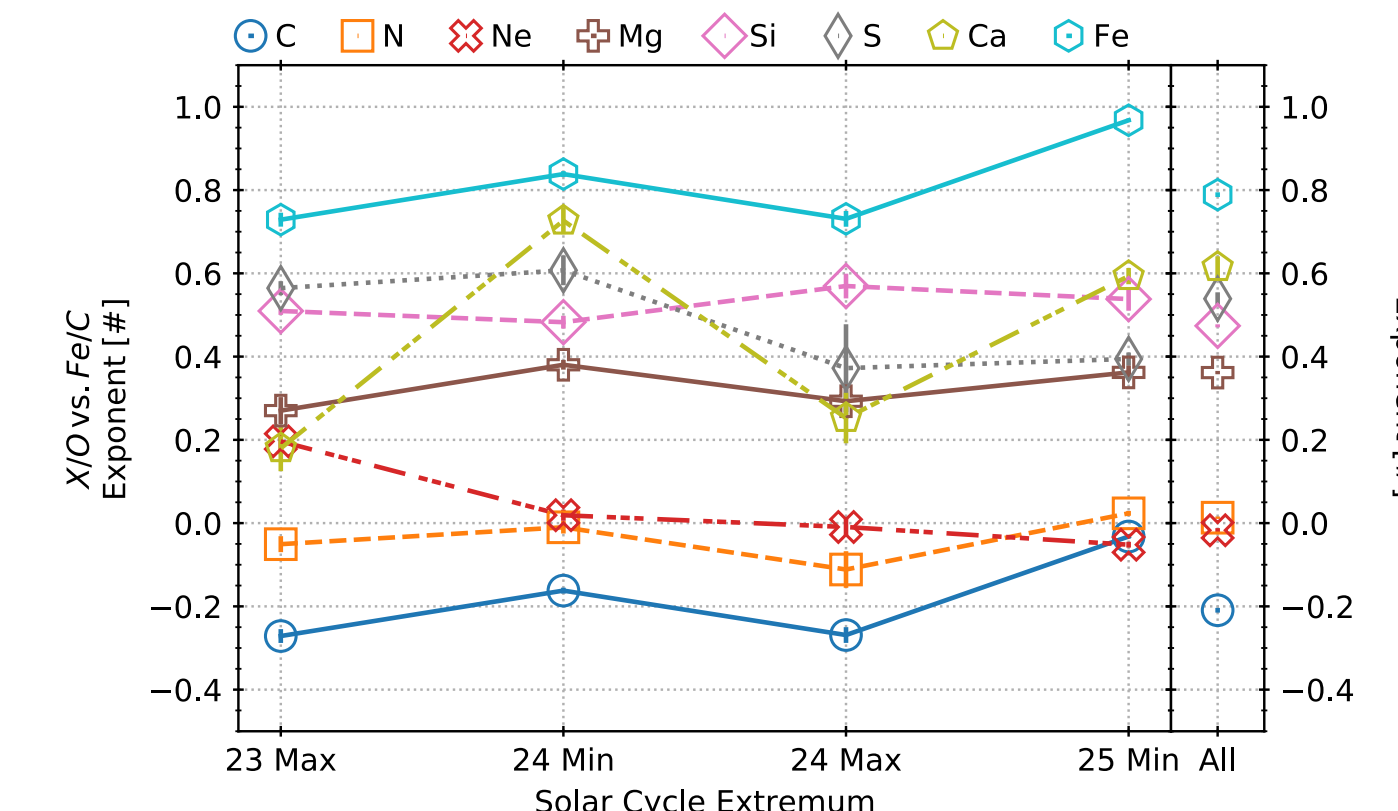
- From X/O vs Fe/C , we study quiet time M/Q fractionation
- Fit each trend for all data along with solar cycle extrema
 - Extrema ranges highlighted at bottom

- (Bottom) Annual SSN
 - Solar cycle extrema years are highlighted
- (Top) Annual X/O abundances scaled by the value indicated at right
 - Solar cycle extrema are partially filled
 - Horizontal lines are event types (Desai et al. 2003)
 - Legend gives $\rho(X/O, SSN)$
 - Error bars are standard deviation of results across QT thresholds

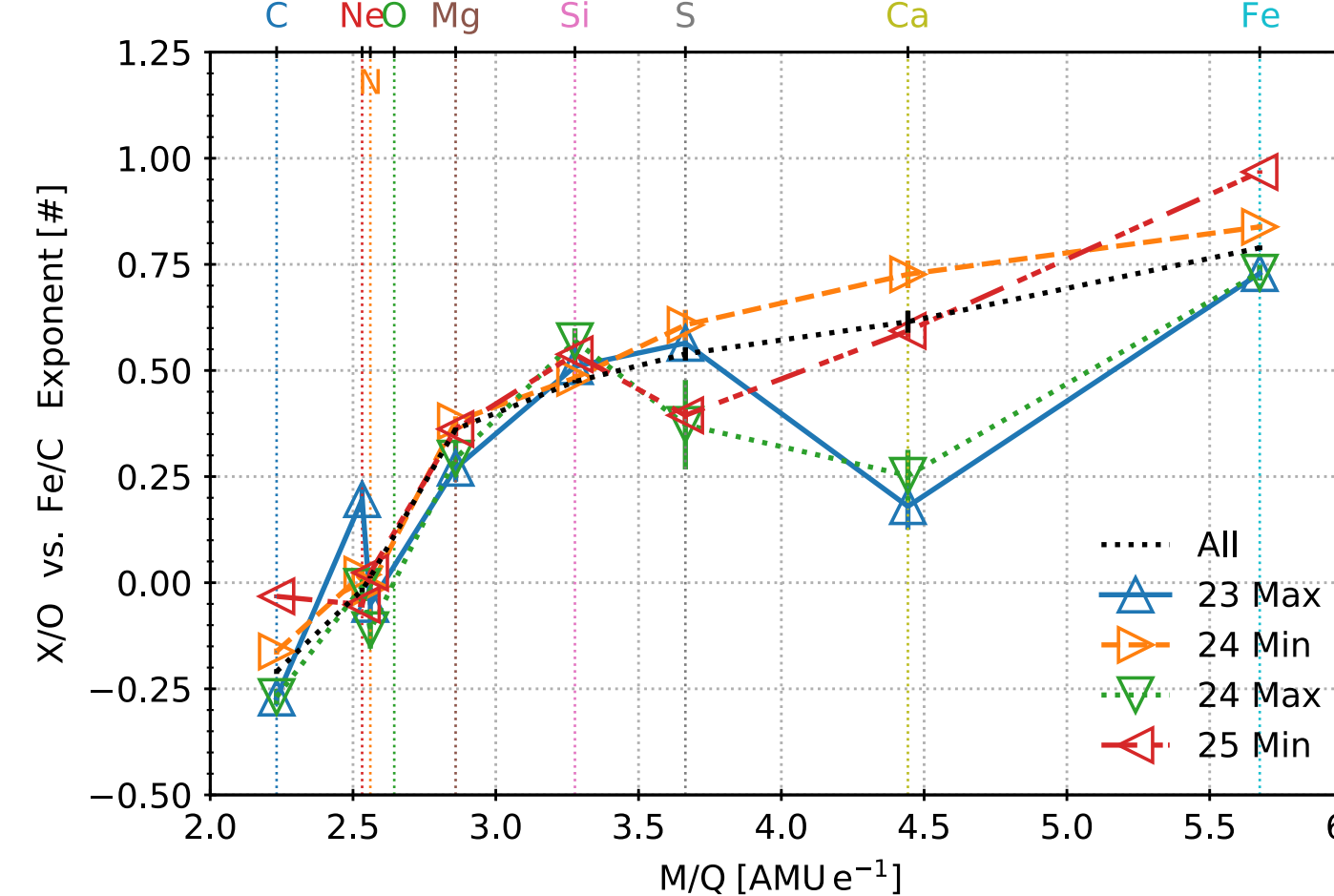


- ρ changes sign at Oxygen
- $\rho(M/Q < 0) < 0$
- $\rho(M/Q > 0) > 0$

X/O vs Fe/C Slopes – Fractionation

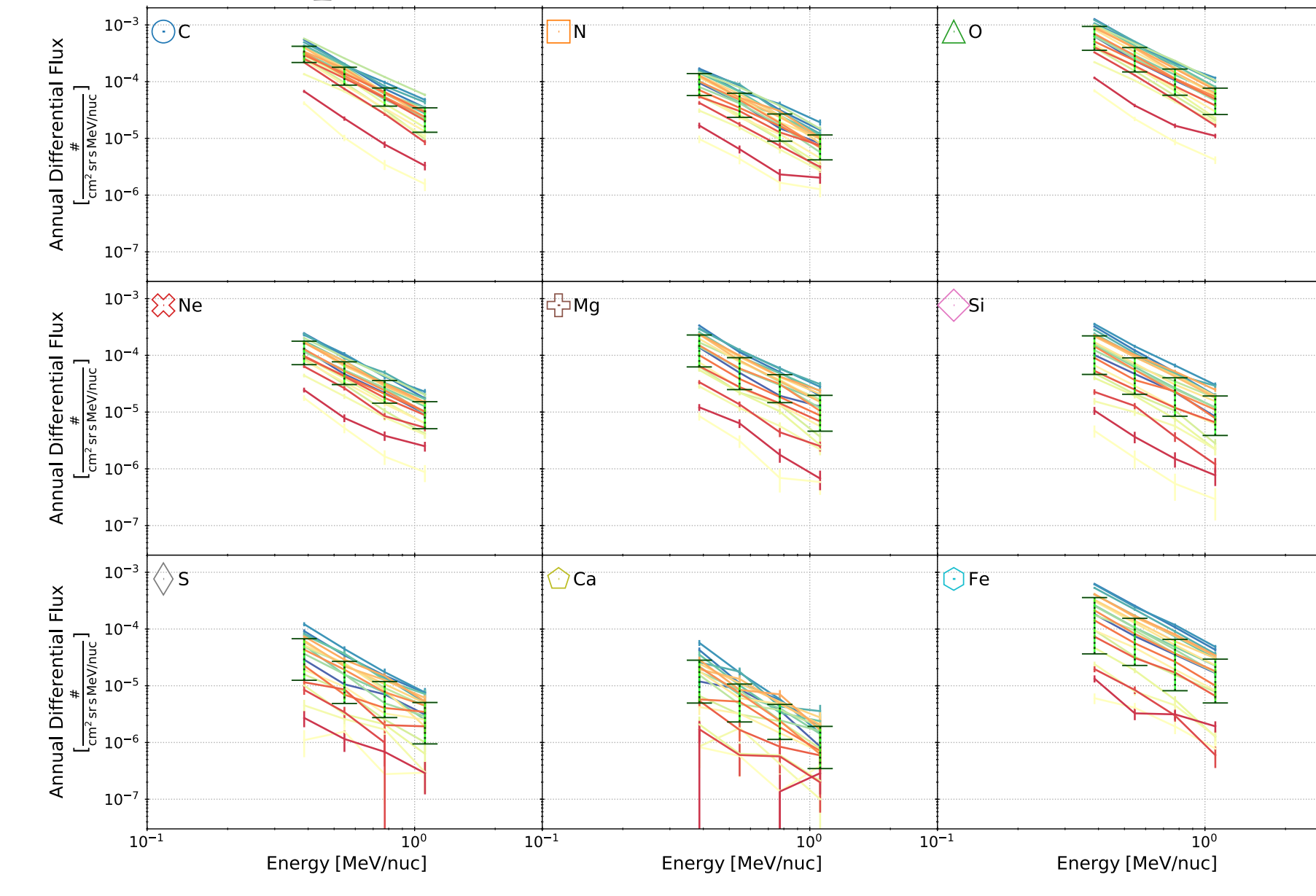


- (Left) Cycle Extrema
- (Right) All Data
- Independent of Solar Activity



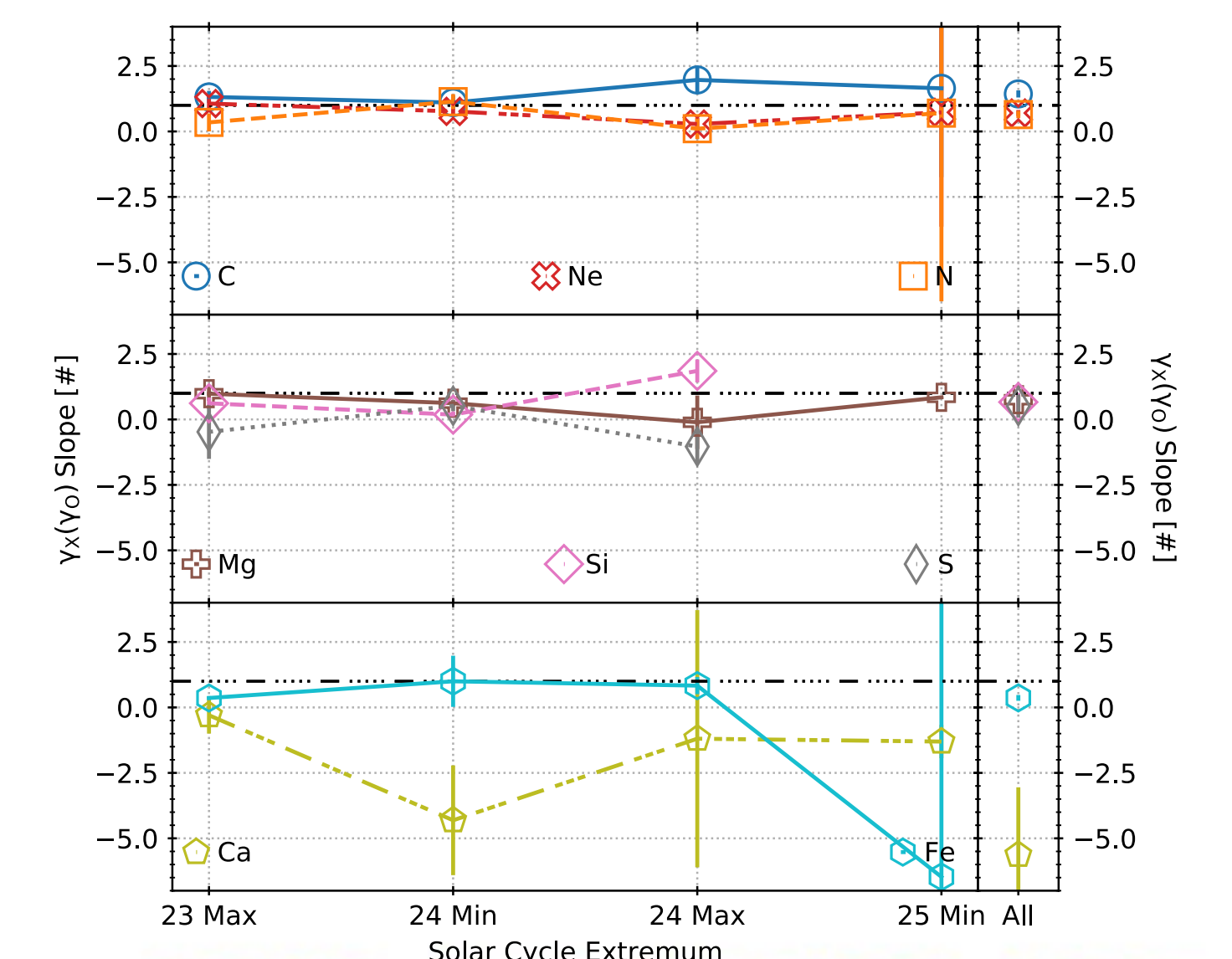
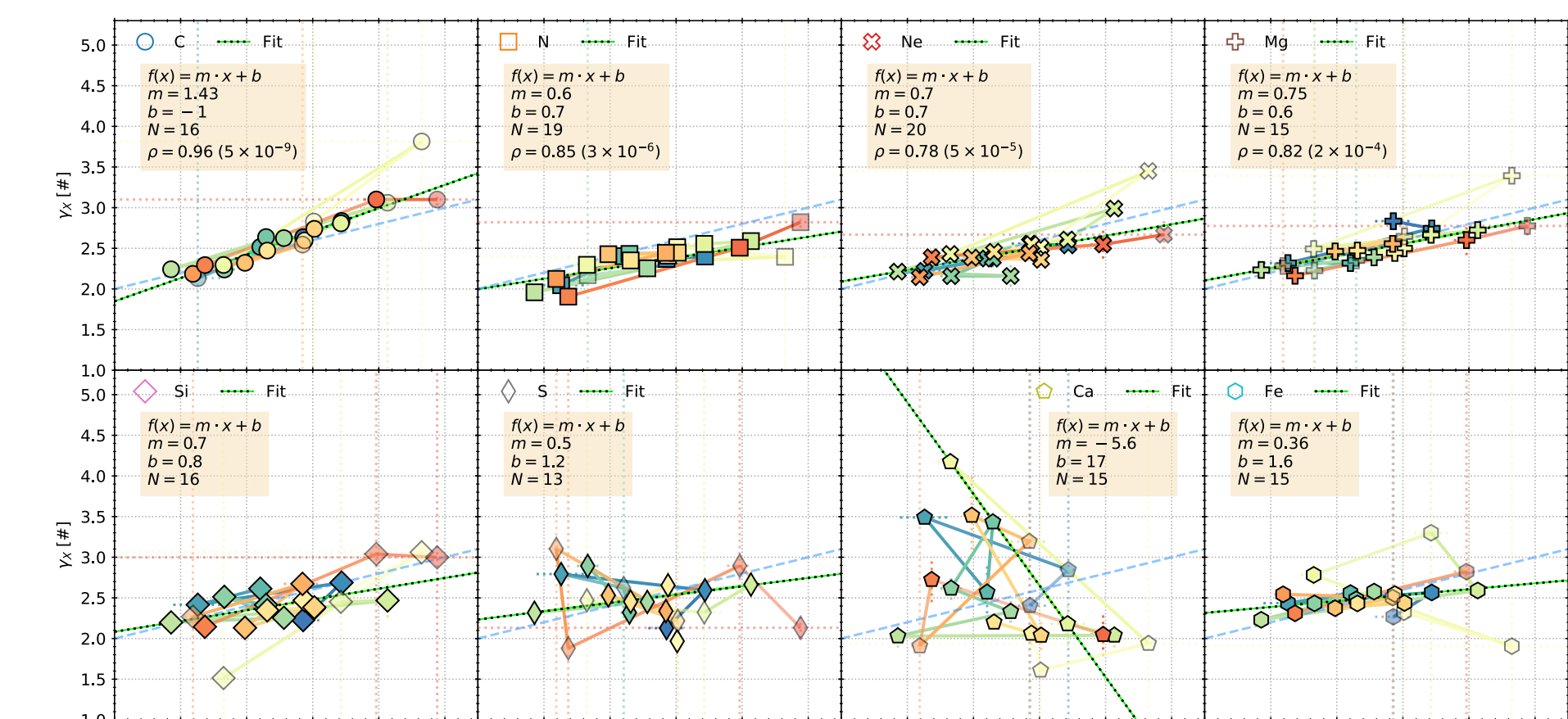
- Cycle extrema and all data
- Abundances are M/Q fractionated

Annual Spectra



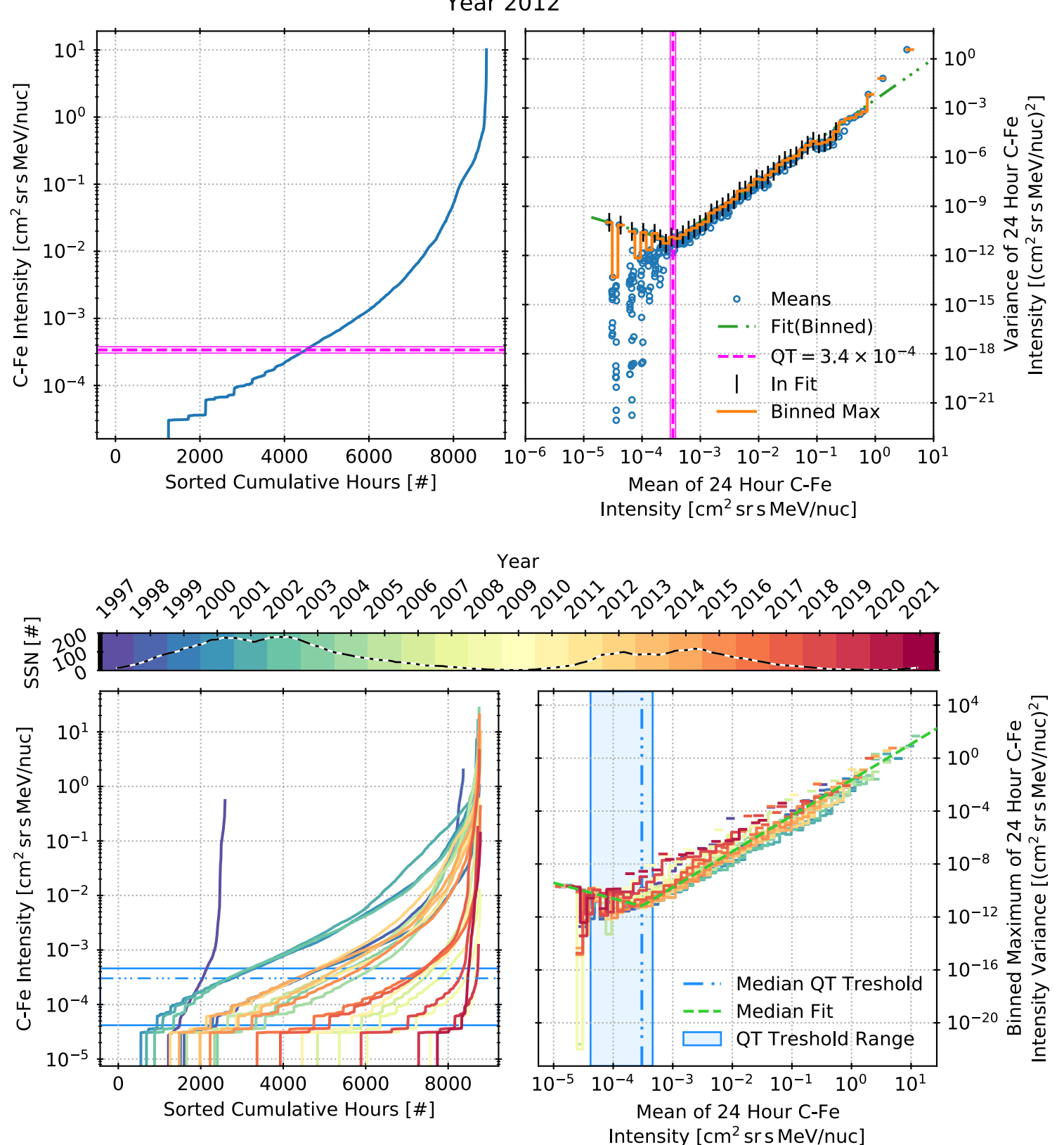
- (Left) Differential flux spectra
 - Ca is noisiest because of low counts
 - Year given by color bar
 - Includes 13-month smoothed SSN for reference
- (Right) Annual Spectral Indices
 - $\gamma \approx 2.5$ independent of solar activity (right, top) and M/Q (right, bottom), even selecting for solar cycle extrema

Spectral Index Comparison with γ_0



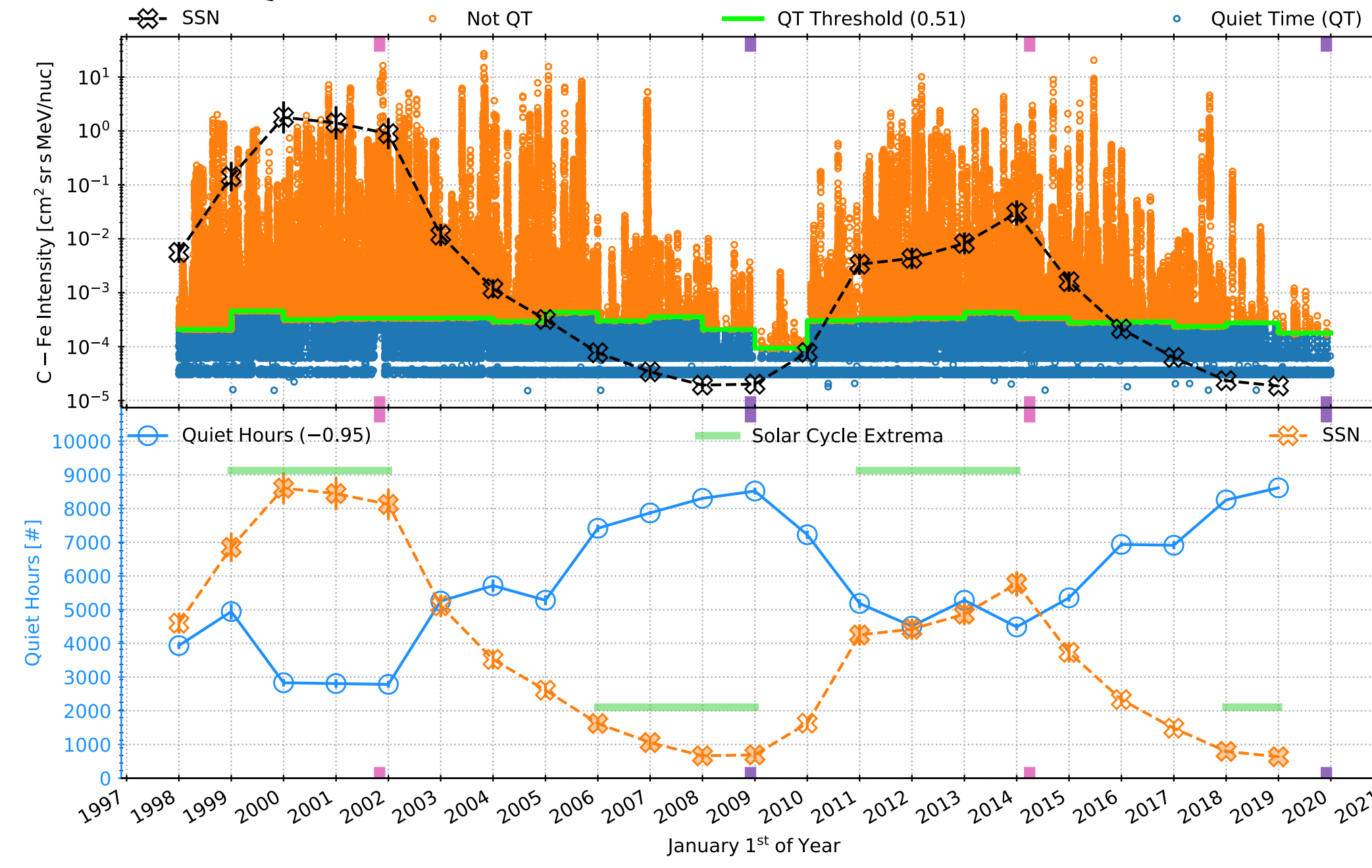
- Slopes of γ_X vs γ_0 are independent of solar activity (left) and M/Q (right)

Quiet Time Selection



- (Top) Selection Method
 - Dayeh et al. (2017) developed a statistical method to identify quiet times
 - (Left) Total C-Fe Intensity vs. Sorted Cumulative Hours
 - (Right) 24-Hour Variance vs. its Mean
 - Quiet Time Threshold (QT) is the inflection
 - We fit the maximum of two power laws to identify the inflection with a confidence interval
 - Fits are applied to binned maximum
 - Subset of bins selected to reduce systematic bias
- (Bottom) Summary of fits for all years
 - Color in color bar
 - Shows 13-month smoothed SSN for visual reference
 - Trend with median of fit parameters and QT threshold range of values

Annual Quiet Threshold and Hours



- (Top) Annual Quiet Threshold independent of annual SSN
- (Bottom) Strong anti-correlation between quiet hours and annual SSN ($\rho = -0.95$) likely due to solar activity's impact on non-quiet time periods
- Solar cycle extrema selected based on Normalized SSN (NSSN)
 - Scale annual SSN to maximum in its cycle
 - Converts SSN into amplitude-independent clock
 - Shown with green bars and partially filled markers
 - See Zhao et al. (2013)

